



# **EXPLORATION + INVESTMENT + ROYALTY = VALUE**



# **Cautionary Statement**

This presentation contains certain statements that may be deemed "forward-looking statements". All statements in this presentation, other than statements of historical fact, that address future production, reserve potential, exploration drilling, exploitation activities and events or developments that the Company expects to occur, are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are statements that are not historical facts and are generally, but not always, identified by the words "expects", "plans" "anticipates", "believes", "intends", "estimates", "projects", "potential" and similar expressions, or that events or conditions "will", "would", "may", "could" or "should" occur. Information inferred from the interpretation of drilling results and information concerning mineral resource estimates may also be deemed to be forward-looking statements, as it constitutes a prediction of what might be found to be present when and if a project is actually developed.

Although the Company believes the expectations expressed in such forward-looking statements are based on reasonable assumptions, such statements are not guarantees of future performance and actual results may differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause the actual results to differ materially from those in forward-looking statements include market prices, exploitation and exploration successes, and continued availability of capital and financing, and general economic, market or business conditions. Investors are cautioned that any such statements are not guarantees of future performance and actual results or developments may differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are based on the beliefs, estimates and opinions of the Company's management on the date the statements are made. The Company undertakes no obligation to update these forward-looking statements in the event that management's beliefs, estimates or opinions, or other factors, should change.

The technical content contained in this presentation is based in part on historical reports. The historical reports pre-date NI 43-101 reporting requirements and the Company cannot verify the content of the historical reports and is not responsible for the accuracy of the content of the historical reports.

All dollar amounts in this presentation are expressed in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise noted.

Indy Project QP: Brian McGrath, B.Sc., P.Geo. is a Qualified Person as defined in NI43-101.

## **Exploration + Investment + Royalty = Value**



Fully funded 2023 drill program at Indy project, BC – priority drill targets include rare earth elements identified in 2023, nickel-cobalt-copper mineralization discovered in 2022 drill program and large zinc targets in the northern area of trend.



#### **Equity investment** in

ASX:AW1 provides exposure to portfolio of active North American **copper** exploration projects.



Team experienced in **delivering value** and taking ownership (27% fully diluted).



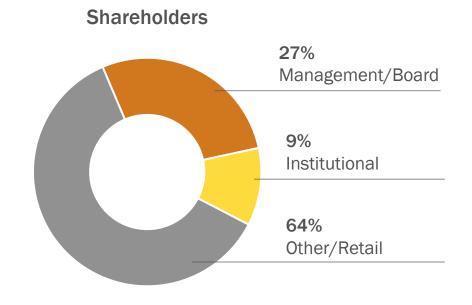
By agreement with AW1, IZN has a 50% indium production royalty on North America's only indium resource. AW1 can reduce royalty to 25% by paying IZN US\$5 million in cash.





# **Capital Structure**

Issued and Outstanding	123,402,084		
Warrants	0		
Options	6,275,000		
Fully Diluted	129,677,084		
Management/Board (fully diluted)	27%		
Institutional Shareholders (fully diluted)	9%		
Share Price (Dec 1, 2023)	\$0.02		
Market Capitalization	\$2.5 million		
Total Working Capital <sup>1</sup>	\$2.8 million		



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Consists of working capital (Q3 Sept 30, 2023), and received and projected BC Mineral Exploration Tax Credits (as of Nov 29, 2023).



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# **INDY PROJECT, CENTRAL BC**

# A NEW MINERAL DISTRICT - MADE IN CANADA

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# INDY A New Mineral District in BC Discovered in 2018

# 200 square km

of mineral claims

## 30 km

trend of unexplored mineral occurrences and new targets

## ~10 km

of untested targets

## **100% Interest**

Earn-in completed January 2023



: IZN

# **Easy Access and Excellent Infrastructure**



## 90 km

southeast of Prince George, the major hub for transport and industry in central BC

## 85 km

from intercontinental (CNR) railhead connecting to ports at Prince Rupert and Vancouver

#### 70 km

from Yellowhead highway (Hwy 16) connected by active forest road

### 35 km

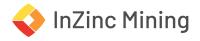
from renewable, hydro-electric power

#### ~500 km

from Trail, BC metallurgical complex



# **Existing Infrastructure**



# **Easy Access - Continues to Improve**

- Active, multi-season forestry roads and camp facilities
- Rehabilitated 1.8 km of road access to Delta Horizon target in 2021
- 15 km of road upgrades, including 4 bridge crossings, to Anomaly B target in 2021
- Extended the 2021 Delta Horizon drill trail by 3 km in 2022 to access the new drill targets







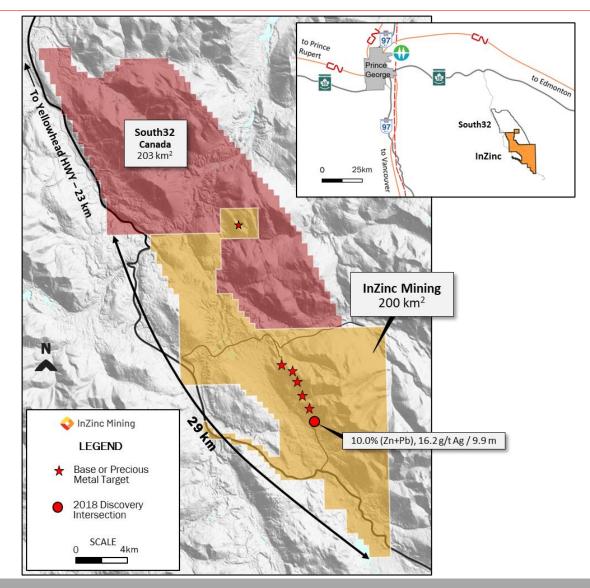






## **Claims**

- InZinc claims extend over a continuous 30 km trend and an area of 200 km<sup>2</sup>
- South32 (ASX,LSE, JSE), a global mining and metal producer, independently staked 200 km<sup>2</sup> of mineral claims northwest of Indy in late 2021
- South32 claims renewed in late 2023



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## Rare Earth Elements Identified in 2023



## REEs associated with Nickel-Cobalt-Copper Discovery at Keel Red in 2022

- Mineralized interval of diamond drill hole IB22-020 analyzed for rare earth element content subsequent to discovery of nickelcobalt-copper mineralization in 2022 drill program
- Entire 27.1 m of buried oxide material starting at 47.3 m downhole returned 363 ppm total rare earth oxides (TREO)
  - Heavy rare earth oxides (HREO) comprise approximately 60% of the average TREO over the 27.1 m interval
  - Higher grade interval from 61.0 m to 68.0 m averaged 529 ppm TREO over 7.0 m
  - Highest interval from 66.0 m to 67.0 m returned 784 ppm TREO over 1 m

Drill Hole	Interval	From	То	Zinc*	Nickel*	Copper*	Cobalt*	TREO** (includes Y)	Depth Below Surface
(HQ)	(m)	(m)	(m)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(ppm)	(ppm)	(m)
IB22-020	27.08	47.25	74.33	0.67	0.13	0.06	163	363	30
includes	7.75	47.25	55.00	0.66	0.14	0.11	154	433	
	6.00	58.00	64.00	0.93	0.17	0.09	280	427	

<sup>\*</sup> Previously released (news release January 25, 2023).

For the TREO composite results tabled above, MSA Labs of Langley, BC conducted multi-element determination of the mineral samples (46 continuous, downhole) using a lithium borate fusion and inductively coupled plasma-mass spectroscopy (ICP-MS) finish (laboratory coded as IMS-300).

Note: Drill intervals represent apparent width. True widths are unknown.

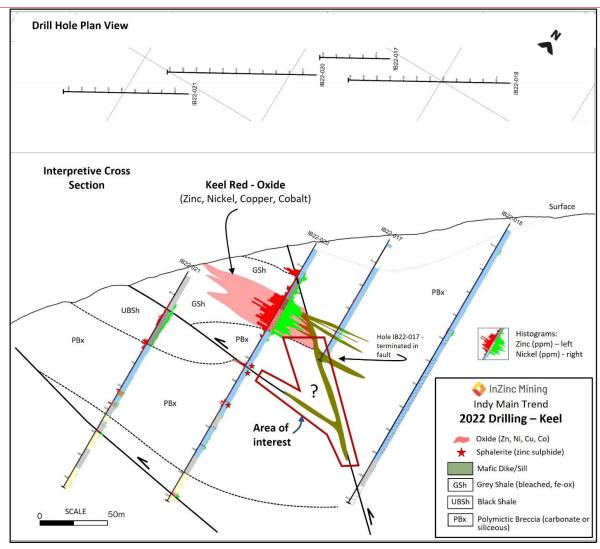
<sup>\*\*</sup> Total rare earth oxides include oxides of 15 heavy and light rare earth elements including yttrium, as defined by the USGS, 2018. Standard element to oxide conversion factors have been used in the calculation of rare earth oxide values from elemental assay values.



# 2022 Discovery Drilling - Nickel-Cobalt-Copper at Keel Red

# **Discovery of "Battery-Suite" Metals**

- Drill hole IB22-020 intersected a new occurrence of zinc with nickel, cobalt and copper
- Explored between the Keel and Echo Central geochemical targets, intersected 27.1 m of buried oxide material starting at 47.3 m downhole and averaging 0.67% zinc and 0.13% nickel
- Named Keel Red, the upper part of the core interval (from 47.3 m to 55.0 m) also returned 0.11% copper over 7.8 m
- Additionally, the 27.1 m interval is anomalous in cobalt content averaging 163 ppm with values up to 962 ppm over a 1 m core length
- Rare earth elements identified in 27.1 m interval in 2023

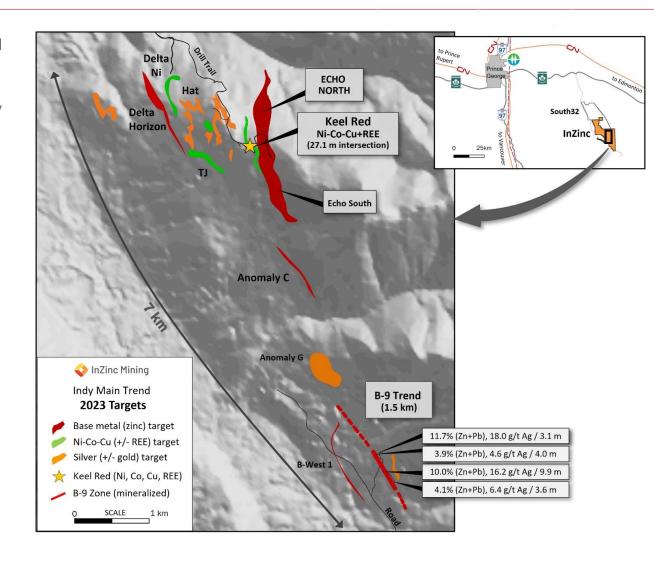


Drill Hole Plan and Section

# **2023 Priority Drill Targets**



- Groundwork completed in Phase 1 exploration program, including detailed geological mapping, soil profiling, sampling and access determinations, prioritized targets to be drilled in Phase 2
- Between 8 to 12 reverse circulation drill holes planned over approximately
   600 m of the Keel Red and Echo North trends
- Fully funded drill program is focused in the northern area of 7 km Main Trend
- Keel Red Target
  - Multiple metals, including REEs, nickel-cobalt-copper and zinc, will be drill tested over a 400 m strike length
- Echo North Target
  - Comprises an area 400 m by 250 m defined, principally, by its strong Zn-Pb-Ba in soil signatures
  - Additional strong nickel-cobalt-copper surface geochemical signatures across the western flank are included for drill testing
- Other Targets
  - The Fox Ni, TJ and Delta Ni targets (REE and nickel-cobalt-copper) will be considered for drill testing, time permitting





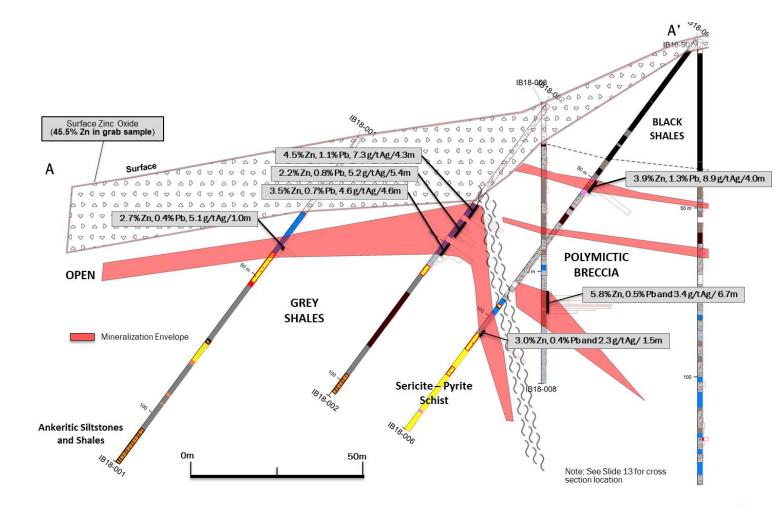
# 2018 Discovery of Zinc Mineralization at B-9 Zone in First Drill Program

## **Vertical Cross Section**

- Numerous, shallow (<60 m) mineralized drill intersections in maiden drill program (11 holes, 1271 m)
- Successfully intersected mineralization in 9 of 10 holes drilled across a 350 m trend
- Mineralization remains open for expansion in all directions



Feeder Style Hole: IB18-008 HQ sized drill core



# 2022 Expansion Drilling at B-9 Zone



# **Expansion of Mineralization**

- Shallow, wide spaced exploration drilling (5 holes, 699 m) explored along 450 m trend to 130 m at depth
- 4 of 5 holes intersected shallow mineralization
- Drilling demonstrates both continuity and expansion potential of near surface mineralization discovered in 2018
- Mineralization remains open for expansion to the north, south and at depth
- Geophysical and geochemical surveys indicate stratigraphy hosting B-9 continues well beyond current area of exploration drilling

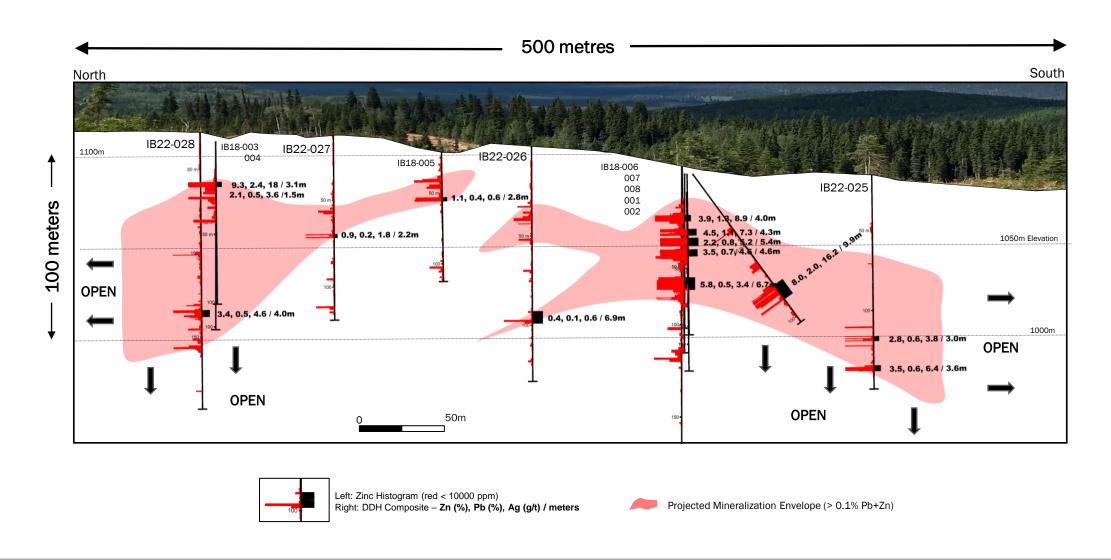


2022 Drilling

# **B-9 Zone – 2022 Drilling – Vertical Long Section**



**Shallow Mineralization is Open for Expansion in all Directions** 



# **Success and New Opportunities since 2018**

#### **Exploration, Discovery and Expansion**

- 2018 discovery of high-grade Sedex-type mineralization at B-9 Zone
  - Maiden drill program intersected shallow, high-grade mineralization, open for expansion: 8.0% Zn, 2.0% Pb and 16.2 g/t Ag over 9.9 m at 60 m below surface
- New targets, zinc and precious metal, defined and acquired between 2019 and 2021
- 2022 discovery of nickel-copper-cobalt mineralization at Keel Red
- **Expansion** of B-9 Zone zinc mineralization along 450 m trend in 2022 drill program
- Fully funded 2023 exploration focuses on nickel-cobalt-copper mineralization, newly identified rare earth elements and untested zinc targets identified in the northern area of 7 km Main Trend





# **Leadership Team**

#### Wayne Hubert, B.Sc. (Eng), MBA

**Chief Executive Officer and Director** 

20+ years experience mining corporate development. Initially with Meridian Gold and then as CEO with Andean Resources, which was acquired by Goldcorp for US\$3.5B.

#### **Kerry Curtis, B.Sc. (Geology)**

**Independent Chairman and Director** 

35+ years experience base and precious metals, exploration, discovery, feasibility, development financing and construction. Former CEO of Cumberland Resources, which was acquired by Agnico Eagle for \$730M.

#### Louis Montpellier, L.L.B.

Director

30 years specializing in international mining law and finance. Former VP – Corporate Development and director of Extorre Gold Mines, which was acquired by Yamana for ~\$395M.

#### John Murphy, B.A. (Economics), CFA

Director

25+ years mining sector banking experience. Retired 2015 as Managing Director of Investment Banking and Co-Head Mining and Metals at Raymond James Ltd. Former director of Claude Resources, which was acquired by Silver Standard for ~\$470M.

#### Lesia Burianyk, CPA, CA

**Chief Financial Officer** 

15+ years industry experience with TSX-V and CSE listed companies. Former audit manager at a Canadian accounting firm specializing in the mining industry.

#### Joyce Musial, B.Sc. (Hons) in Geology

Vice President, Corporate Affairs

35+ years experience in resource sector with focus on investor relations, communication, corporate development, and community, governmental & aboriginal relations.

#### Brian McGrath, B.Sc., P.Geo.

**Consulting Project Manager** 

30+ years experience in the Americas exploring for gold and base metal targets. Recent geological positions held with the Manex Resource Group and Cumberland Resources Ltd. (the team successfully built a multi-million ounce reserve).

#### **RARE EARTH ELEMENTS\***

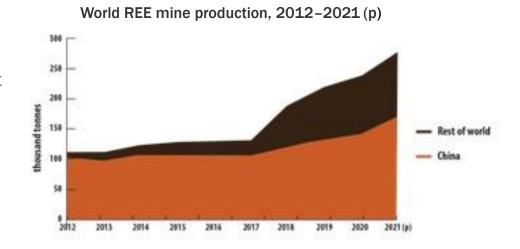
# High-technology and clean-energy applications



#### A group of 15 elements referred to as the lanthanide series in the periodic table of elements together with yttrium\*\*

- Used in a variety of industrial applications including electronics, clean energy, aerospace, automotive and defence.
- Manufacturing permanent magnets is the single largest and most important end
  use for REEs, accounting for 43% of demand. Permanent magnets are used in cell
  phones, televisions, computers, automobiles, wind turbines, jet aircraft and many
  other products.
- Light REEs are naturally more abundant than Heavy REEs and generally in surplus supply globally. Two Light REEs, both used in wind turbines and EVs, are exceptions and in high demand.
- **Heavy REEs** are produced mainly in China and are in more limited supply than light REEs. Global efforts to bring new resources to the marketplace continue.
- **China** is the world's largest producer of REEs, accounting for 61% of global annual mine production in 2021. The United States, Burma (Myanmar), Australia and Thailand accounted for the majority of the remaining mine production.

#### China remains virtually the only producer of the valued Heavy REEs



<sup>\*</sup> Natural Resources Canada, August 2023.

<sup>\*\*</sup> USGS, 2018.





#### For further information, contact:

Joyce Musial, VP, Corporate Affairs

(604) 317-2728

www.inzincmining.com